Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Substance Name: Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)
EC No.: 200-846-2
REACH Registration Number: 2119487127-32-0002
Synonym: Dimethyl sulphide.
Product Code: Not available.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: See Technical Data Sheet.
Uses advised against: All uses other than the identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C.
Address: 1880 Fairlawn Rd
Tuscaloosa, AL 35401
United States
Phone Number: +1 (205) 561-5045
E-mail of competent person responsible for SDS in the EU: ehs@gaylordchem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

Emergency Phone: Customer Service: Gaylord Chemical Company, LLC:
(985) 649-5464 (8:00am - 5:00pm CST)
(205) 342-0652 (Nights and Weekends)

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to CLP (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)
CLP Classification: Flammable Liquids, Category 2, H225

2.1.3 Additional information:
For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.
2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to CLP (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place.
P235: Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Not Classified as PBT/vPvB by EU criteria.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. Vapour inhalation may cause moderate eye, nose, and throat irritation, making it unlikely that individuals will tolerate moderate to high concentrations. Headache and decreased ability to concentrate may occur.

Eye Contact: May cause serious eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Large Fire: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use straight streams. CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture


5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection of Firefighters: Fire will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Wear positive
pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel:
Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.1.2. For emergency responders:
As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1. Methods for Containment:
Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

6.3.2. Methods for Clean-Up:
Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

6.3.3. Other Information:
Dispose of contents/container according to applicable regional, national and local regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
See Section 8 for occupational exposure limits and risk management measures. Refer to Section 13 for disposal considerations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not swallow. Avoid breathing mist, vapours, or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
7.3. Specific end use(s)
No specific instructions required.

## Section 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Dimethyl sulfide (DMS) [CAS No. 75-18-3]
ACGIH: 10 ppm (TWA); (2001)

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal Protection Equipment

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear chemical safety goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the workstation location. Use equipment for eye protection according to European Standard EN 166.

**Skin Protection:**

- **Hand Protection:** Wear protective gloves. Butyl or nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

- **Body Protection:** Wear protective clothing. Flame resistant clothing (i.e., Nomex) is recommended in areas where material is stored or handled.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate air-purifying respirator, with organic vapor cartridge, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

**Thermal Hazards:** Not applicable.

**General Hygiene Considerations:** Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls:

Follow all applicable environmental protection legislation.
### Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Clear, colourless liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Stench.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>2.5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH (1% solution in water)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point / Freezing Point</td>
<td>-98 °C (-144.4 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Boiling Point</td>
<td>37.3 °C (99.1 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>-49 °C (-56.2 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Flammability Limit</td>
<td>2.2 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Flammability Limit</td>
<td>19.7 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>53.2 kPa at 20 °C (68 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>103.4 kPa at 38 °C (100 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density</td>
<td>2.1 (Air = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
<td>0.85 (Water = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubilities</td>
<td>Insoluble in water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water</td>
<td>log Pow: 0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature</td>
<td>205 °C (401 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive Properties</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising Properties</td>
<td>Not considered as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Volatile, wt. %</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity
Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid
Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Not available.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity:

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. Vapour inhalation may cause moderate eye, nose, and throat irritation, making it unlikely that individuals will tolerate moderate to high concentrations. Headache and decreased ability to concentrate may occur.

Eye: May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>LD₅₀ oral</th>
<th>LD₅₀ dermal</th>
<th>LC₅₀ inhalation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimethyl sulfide</td>
<td>75-18-3</td>
<td>3300 mg/kg (rat)</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg (rabbit)</td>
<td>40250 mg/m³ (rat); 4H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion / irritation: Dimethyl sulfide was slightly irritating to rabbit skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation: The liquid is a moderate to severe eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Dimethyl sulfide was not mutagenic to *Salmonella typhimurium* or *Escherichia coli* (bacterial reverse mutation assay) in vitro, with or without metabolic activation. It was also negative in a DNA damage and repair assay using *Salmonella typhimurium*. Dimethyl sulfide was not mutagenic in an in vivo mouse micronucleus study.

Carcinogenicity: This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by ACGIH or IARC.

Reproductive toxicity: Dimethyl sulfide had no effect on male or female reproductive organs following repeated oral dosing in rats for up to 14 weeks. When pregnant rats were dosed with dimethyl sulfide from gestation days 6 to 19 via gavage at doses as high as 1000 mg/kg bw/day, no maternal toxicity, embryo-fetal or developmental toxicity or teratogenicity was observed.

STOT-single exposure: Vapour exposure can cause moderate nose and throat irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure: Not available.
Aspiration hazard: Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic Effects: Repeated skin exposure to the liquid results in defatting dermatitis and irritation.

Other information on adverse health effects: No other adverse effects expected.

### Section 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity
*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Rainbow trout): LC₅₀ = 213 mg/L, 96-hr; *Daphnia magna*: EC₅₀ = 29 mg/L, 48-hr; *Daphnia magna*: EC₅₀ = 81 mg/L, 48-hr; *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*: EC₅₀ = 23 to > 113.7 mg/L, 96-hr.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability
Dimethyl sulfide is photodegraded by reaction with hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere with a half-life of 2.8 days (calculated). Experimental studies show dimethyl sulfide is rapidly degraded in sunlight (natural and simulated) forming a number of breakdown products including sulfur dioxide. Dimethyl sulfide does not hydrolyze with hydrolysis half-lives of > 1 year at pH 4, 7 and 9.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
A low bioaccumulation potential is expected based on the partition coefficient log Kow of 0.919. Dimethyl sulfide is readily biodegradable (67.4% degraded over 28 days; OECD TG 301D).

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil
Fugacity model Level III indicates dimethyl sulfide will distribute in air, water and sediment dependent on the route of the emission.

Fugacity model Level III distribution with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to air is: 98.6% (air), 1.3% (water), 0.1% (soil) and <0.01% (sediment); with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to water the distribution is: 8.6% (air), 91.2% (water), 0.01% (soil) and 0.2% (sediment); with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to soil the distribution is: 39.4% (air), 7.2% (water), 53.4% (soil) and 0.01% (sediment).

Fugacity model Level III distribution with equal release of dimethyl sulfide to air, water and soil is: 28.1% (air), 57.2% (water), 14.6% (soil) and 0.1% (sediment).

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects
Not available.
Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal Instructions:

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

Section 14: Transport information

ADR / RID

14.1. UN number: UN1164
14.2. UN proper shipping name: UN1164, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: II
14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable.
14.6. Classification Code: F1
14.7. Special precautions for user: Not available.
14.8. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

IMDG Transport Information
Proper Shipping Name: UN1164, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
Class: 3
UN Number: UN1164
Packing Group: II
Label Code: Flash point: -49 ºC (-56.2 ºF) (Closed Cup)
EmS Number: F-E, S-D
ICAO/IATA Transport Information
Proper Shipping Name: UN1164, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
Class: 3
UN Number: UN1164
Packing Group: II
Label Code: 3
Flash point: -49 °C (-56.2 °F) (Closed Cup)

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Authorisations: Not applicable.
Restrictions on use: Use only as intended.
Other EU regulations: Not available.
National regulations: Not applicable.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment
Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessments have been carried out for this substance.

Section 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Classification procedure
Flammable Liquids, Category 2, H225 Self-classification.

Relevant H-statements (number and full text):
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Disclaimer:
The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user’s responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: October 26, 2017
Version: 1.2
SDS Prepared by: Aegis Regulatory Inc.
Phone: (519) 488-0351
www.aegisreg.com