

# **Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)**

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/un	ndertaking
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### 1.1. Product identifier

Substance Name:	Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)	
EC No.:	200-846-2	
REACH Registration Number:	2119487127-32-0002	
Synonym:	Dimethyl sulphide.	
Product Code:	Not available.	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		

Identified uses:See Technical Data Sheet.Uses advised against:All uses other than the identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: Address:	Gaylord Chemical Company, L.L.C. 1880 Fairlawn Rd
	Tuscaloosa, AL 35401 United States
Phone Number:	+1 (205) 561-5045
E-mail of competent person responsible for SDS in the EU:	ehs@gaylordchem.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber:
Emergency Phone:	Customer Service: Gaylord Chemical Company, LLC: (985) 649-5464 (8:00am - 5:00pm CST) (205) 342-0652 (Nights and Weekends)

#### Section 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## 2.1.1. Classification according to CLP (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)

CLP Classification: Flammable Liquids, Category 2, H225

### 2.1.3 Additional information:

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.



### 2.2. Label elements

## Labelling according to CLP (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard Pictogram(s):

Hazard



Signal Word: Danger

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

## Statements: Precautionary Statements

Prevention:	<ul> <li>P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. – No smoking.</li> <li>P233: Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.</li> <li>P242: Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.</li> </ul>
Response:	P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam to extinguish.
Storage:	P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. P235: Keep cool.
Disnosal	P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional

**Disposal:** P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Not Classified as PBT/vPvB by EU criteria.

Section 3: Composition / information on ingredients				
3.1. Substances				
Ingredient(s)	CAS No.	EC No.	Wt. %	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) <sup>+</sup>
Dimethyl sulfide; DMS	75-18-3	200-846-2	75 - 100	Flam. Liq. 2; H225
<sup>+</sup> See section 16 for the full tex 8.	t of the hazard phrase	es. Occupational exp	osure limits, if	available, are listed in section
	Section	4: First aid measu	ures	
4.1. Description of first ai	d measures			
Inhalation: If ir	nhaled: Remove p	person to fresh ai	r and keep c	omfortable for breathing.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.



**Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)** Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

Safety Data Sheet according to 1907/2006/EC and its amendments

- **Eye Contact:** If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
- Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Ingestion: If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. Vapour inhalation may cause moderate eye, nose, and throat irritation, making it unlikely that individuals will tolerate moderate to high concentrations. Headache and decreased ability to concentrate may occur.
   Eye Contact: May cause serious eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.
- **Skin Contact:** May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.
- Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Section 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1. Extinguishing media				
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.			
	Large Fire: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.			
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Do not use straight streams. CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.			
5.2. Special hazards arising from t	the substance or mixture			
Hazardous combustion products:	Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulphur.			
5.3. Advice for firefighters				
Protection of Firefighters:	Fire will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Wear positive			



# Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Section 6: Accidental release measures			
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel:	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
6.1.2. For emergency responders:	As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.		

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1. Methods for Containment:	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.
6.3.2. Methods for Clean-Up:	Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non- combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.
6.3.3. Other Information:	Dispose of contents/container according to applicable regional, national and local regulations.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for occupational exposure limits and risk management measures. Refer to Section 13 for disposal considerations.

#### Section 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not swallow. Avoid breathing mist, vapours, or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children.



## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No specific instructions required.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Dimethyl sulfide (DMS) [CAS No. 75-18-3] ACGIH: 10 ppm (TWA); (2001)

TWA: Time-Weighted Average 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal Protection Equipment



Eye/Face Protection:	Wear chemical safety goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the workstation location. Use equipment for eye protection according to European Standard EN 166.
Skin Protection: Hand Protection:	Wear protective gloves. Butyl or nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. Consult manufacturer specifications for
Body Protection:	further information. Wear protective clothing. Flame resistant clothing (i.e., Nomex) is recommended in areas where material is stored or handled.
Respiratory Protection: Thermal Hazards:	If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate air-purifying respirator, with organic vapor cartridge, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators. Not applicable.
General Hygiene Considerations:	Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls:

Follow all applicable environmental protection legislation.



**Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)** 

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties			
Appearance: Clear, colourless liquid.			
Odour:	Stench.		
Odour Threshold:	2.5 ppm		
Physical State:	Liquid.		
pH (1% solution in water):	Not available.		
Melting Point / Freezing Point:	-98 °C (-144.4 °F)		
Initial Boiling Point:	37.3 °C (99.1 °F)		
Boiling Point:	Not available.		
Flash Point:	-49 °C (-56.2 °F)		
Evaporation Rate:	Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.		
Lower Flammability Limit:	2.2 %		
Upper Flammability Limit:	19.7 %		
Vapour Pressure:	53.2 kPa at 20 °C (68 °F) 103.4 kPa at 38 °C (100 °F)		
Vapour Density:	2.1 (Air = 1)		
Relative Density:	0.85 (Water = 1)		
Solubilities:	Insoluble in water.		
rtition Coefficient: n-Octanol/Water: log Pow: 0.84			
Auto-ignition Temperature:	205 °C (401 °F)		
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available.		
Viscosity:	Not available.		
Explosive Properties:	Not available.		
Oxidising Properties:	Not considered as oxidizing.		
Density:	Not available.		
Percent Volatile, wt. %:	Not available.		
Section 10: Stability and reactivity			
10.1. Reactivity	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.		
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal storage conditions.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to heat.		



Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

## Safety Data Sheet according to 1907/2006/EC and its amendments

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizers.

# **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** Not available.

Section 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## Acute Toxicity:

Inhalation:	May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. Vapour inhalation may cause moderate eye, nose, and throat irritation, making it unlikely that individuals will tolerate moderate to high concentrations. Headache and decreased ability to concentrate may occur.					
Eye:				. Signs/symptoms azy vision.	may include red	ness, swelling, pain,
Skin:	May cause and itching		irritatior	n. Signs/symptoms	may include loc	alized redness, swelling,
Ingestion:				nal irritation. Signs , vomiting and diar		include abdominal pain,
Component Dimethyl su				<b>LD</b> ₅₀ oral 3300 mg/kg (rat)	<b>LD</b> ₅₀ <b>dermal</b> > 5000 mg/kg (rabbit)	<b>LC₅₀ inhalation</b> 40250 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
Skin corros	ion / irritatio	n:	Dimethyl sulfide was slightly irritating to rabbit skin.			
	Serious eye damage/irritation:		The liquid is a moderate to severe eye irritant.			
	Respiratory or skin sensitisation:		Not available.			
Germ cell mutagenicity:		Dimethyl sulfide was not mutagenic to <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> or <i>Escherichia coli</i> (bacterial reverse mutation assay) in vitro, with or without metabolic activation. It was also negative in a DNA damage and repair assay using <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> . Dimethyl sulfide was not mutagenic in an in vivo mouse micronucleus study.				
Carcinogenicity:		This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by ACGIH or IARC.				
Reproductiv	organ When gesta mg/kg		organs When gestat mg/kg	ethyl sulfide had no effect on male or female reproductive hs following repeated oral dosing in rats for up to 14 weeks. In pregnant rats were dosed with dimethyl sulfide from ation days 6 to 19 via gavage at doses as high as 1000 g bw/day, no maternal toxicity, embryo-fetal or lopmental toxicity or teratogenicity was observed.		
STOT-single exposure:		Vapour exposure can cause moderate nose and throat irritation.				



Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

Safety Data Sheet according to 1907/2006/EC and its amendments
STOT-repeated exposure: Not available

oror-repeated exposure.	NUL available.
Aspiration hazard:	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic Effects:	Repeated skin exposure to the liquid results in defatting dermatitis and irritation.

Other information on adverse health effects: No other adverse effects expected.

Section 12: Ecological information	
<u>12.1. Toxicity</u>	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (Rainbow trout): LC50 = 213 mg/L, 96-hr; <i>Daphnia magna</i> : EC50 = 29 mg/L, 48-hr; <i>Daphnia magna</i> : EC50 = 81 mg/L, 48-hr; <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> : EC50 = 23 to > 113.7 mg/L, 96- hr.
<u>12.2. Persistence and</u> degradability	Dimethyl sulfide is photodegraded by reaction with hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere with a half-life of 2.8 days (calculated). Experimental studies show dimethyl sulfide is rapidly degraded in sunlight (natural and simulated) forming a number of breakdown products including sulfur dioxide. Dimethyl sulfide does not hydrolyze with hydrolysis half-lives of > 1 year at pH 4, 7 and 9.
<u>12.3. Bioaccumulative</u> potential	A low bioaccumulation potential is expected based on the partition coefficient log Kow of 0.919. Dimethyl sulfide is readily biodegradable (67.4% degraded over 28 days; OECD TG 301D).
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	Fugacity model Level III indicates dimethyl sulfide will distribute in air, water and sediment dependent on the route of the emission.
	Fugacity model Level III distribution with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to air is: 98.6% (air), 1.3% (water), 0.1% (soil) and <0.01% (sediment); with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to water the distribution is: 8.6% (air), 91.2% (water), 0.01% (soil) and 0.2% (sediment); with 100% of the dimethyl sulfide released to soil the distribution is: 39.4% (air), 7.2% (water), 53.4% (soil) and 0.01% (sediment).
	Fugacity model Level III distribution with equal release of dimethyl sulfide to air, water and soil is: 28.1% (air), 57.2% (water), 14.6% (soil) and 0.1% (sediment).
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</u>	Not available.
12.6. Other adverse effects	Not available.



## Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

#### Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### **Disposal Instructions:**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

### Section 14: Transport information

#### ADR / RID



<u>14.1. UN number:</u>		UN1164
14.2. UN proper shipping name:		UN1164, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):		3
14.4. Packing group:		II
14.5. Environmental hazards:		Not applicable.
14.6 Classification Code:		F1
14.7. Special precautions for user:		Not available.
<u>14.8. Transport in bulk according to</u> <u>Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the</u> IBC Code:		Not applicable.
IMDG Transport Information		
Proper Shipping Name:	UN116	4, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
Class:	3	
UN Number:	UN1164	
Packing Group:	П	
Label Code:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	
	Flash p	oint: -49 °C (-56.2 °F) (Closed Cup)
EmS Number:	F-E, S-	D



Dimethyl Sulfide (DMS)

Date of Preparation: October 26, 2017

Safety Data Sheet according to 1907/2006/EC and its amendments	
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ICAO/IATA Transport Inform Proper Shipping Name:	uN1164, DIMETHYL SULFIDE, 3, PG II
Class:	3
UN Number:	UN1164
Packing Group:	II
Label Code:	RLAMMAGE LODIO 3

Flash point: -49 °C (-56.2 °F) (Closed Cup)

Section 15: Regulatory information			
<u>15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</u>			
Authorisations:	Not applicable.		
Restrictions on use:	Use only as intended.		
Other EU regulations:	Not available.		
National regulations:	Not applicable.		
15.2. Chemical safety assessment			

Chemical Safety Assessment: No Chemical Safety Assessments have been carried out for this substance.

### Section 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Classification procedure** 

Flammable Liquids, Category 2, H225

Self-classification.

## **Relevant H-statements (number and full text):**

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

#### **Disclaimer:**

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

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Version:	1.2
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